

Wastes from Boiler Systems

Condensate Boilers

Flue condensers on boilers produce 'condensate' – essentially water with a high pH that is a byproduct from natural gas combustion (similar to residential gas furnaces). Zinc may be present due to the galvanized flue. This water is easily diluted to lower the pH and poses no risk to septic/sewer systems. No chemical treatments are required, and there is no other wastewater generated.

Hot Water Boilers

Not 'bled' on a regular basis, may be drained every 1-10+ years for maintenance. Simplest Best Management Practice (BMP) is to store the water from the boiler and put it back in after maintenance. This requires a stainless steel storage tank plus a pump. Very rarely need to discard this liquid.

Steam Boilers

'Bled' or partially drained on a regular basis (usually 1x/day during use but could be more or less frequent depending on time of year and use of the system). Only about 20L bled off each time to remove the sediment/scale that builds up at the bottom of the boiler. Steam boilers are more 'fussy' than hot water boilers, and require more maintenance and care. There are generally 4 common water treatment chemical options:

- 1. Molybdate-based: quite expensive, Molybdate is a heavy metal, and the solution can't go into septic beds or sewer systems. Can evaporate and dispose at landfill.
- Sodium-sulphite based: food grade, only about 3/10 efficiency in boiler so needs a lot of attention to maintain the right chemistry. Often need to 'overfeed' on the rates but this leads to salt (EC) buildup in the system. Waste can go to the sewer or septic system without harm.
- 3. DM (tree-bark extract): Also fairly safe (eco-friendly) but has relatively poor efficiency for the boiler maintenance. Waste can go to the sewer or septic system without harm.
- 4. Hydrazine: This is a hazardous chemical, but the levels used in boilers are extremely low. Further, this chemical is known (scientific evidence) to degrade completely upon contact (within seconds) with soil and then poses no risk to the environment. There is no residual compound. Note that this compound is not degraded as quickly in water (1-2 hours) so waste should not be put directly into a watercourse.

For more information on boiler chemicals, refer to the MSDS (mix varies with boiler).

Natural Gas 'Portable' Heaters

Fired by natural gas, these heaters are often small and mounted in poly houses. They produce no waste products.

FLOWERS • PEOPLE • CONNECTIONS

Disclaimer: This report is provided for informational purposes only. The information contained in it represents the current view and opinion of Jeanine West on the issues discussed as of the date of this report. Because conditions and legislation change, these documents should not be interpreted as guaranteeing the accuracy of any information presented after the date of this report. Information provided in this report is provided "as is" without warranty of any kind, either express or implied, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or freedom from infringement. The user assumes the entire risk as to the accuracy and the use of this report. Neither Jeanine West nor Flowers Canada (Ontario) Inc. shall be responsible for any direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential damage or any other damages whatsoever and howsoever caused, arising out of or in connection with the use of this report or in reliance on the information contained in it, including any loss of use, lost business profits, business interruption, personal injury or any other pecuniary loss, whether the action is in contract, tort (including negligence) or other tortious action.